Community Development<br>Department

100 Parklane Drive • Eagleville, PA 19403
Phone: (610) 635-3514 • Fax: (610) 539-6347
PLANT ROOTS. GROW FUTURES.

## LOWER PROVIDENCE TOWNSHIP ZONING HEARING BOARD APPEAL APPLICATION



The following is a list of questions designed to assist you and the Zoning Hearing Board in the efficient and speedy review of your appeal. Please thoroughly answer all questions, which are applicable to your appeal. If you believe the question does not pertain to your appeal, please indicate on this form by answering "Not Applicable". All questions must be answered to consider this appeal form complete.

A complete site plan, construction documents and a copy of your deed must be attached to this application. Please refer to Section 2.B. of the Lower Providence Township Zoning Appeal Procedures and Policy for this requirement. Please return this form to the Zoning Director when you file your application. Please type or print clearly.

## Please complete the following questions:

1. What is the applicant's interest in the premises affected? (i.e. propertyowner, equitableowner, tenant.)
2. If applicant is represented by an attorney or counsel please provide their full name, address, phone and fax number.
3. If the property owner is not the applicant, list the full name, address and phone number of the property owner. Also, if the applicant is not the property owner, the applicant must provide a signed and notarized letter from the property owner stating his/her permission to allow the applicant to represent the property owner at the zoning hearing board with this zoning appeal.

## 4. Please provide the requested information about the property involved in this zoning hearing appeal as described below:

Location: $\qquad$

> (Street Address)

Parcel Identification Number: $\qquad$
Lot Size:
Present Use: $\qquad$ Zoning District: $\qquad$
Date of when Present Use began: $\qquad$ Date of acquisition of this property by the owner: $\qquad$
Please list each structure and it's use currently located on this property:
5. Is your home or principal structure connected to: (please circle all that apply)
A. public water
B. public sewer
C. private well
D. private on-lot septic
E. not presently connected If you are not connected at this time, what type of sewage and water facilities is available to the property?
6. Are there any outstanding state or federal violations cited on this property at the time of this application?
$\qquad$ If yes, please explain these violations below:
7. Has any previous zoning appeal been filed in connection with this property? $\qquad$
If yes, $\qquad$
(List applicant's name, date \& nature of appeal)
8. Type of Appeal Sought:
$\Rightarrow$ Variance Appeal
$\Rightarrow$ Special Exception Appeal
$\Rightarrow$ Interpretation of Zoning Ordinance
$\Rightarrow$ Enforcement Notice Appeal
$\Rightarrow$ Other Appeal
(Describe)

## You must list all sections of the Lower Providence Township Zoning Ordinance in which you are seeking zoning relief from on the following lines: (Please note that if this section is not complete, the appeal will not be heard)

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
9. State in narrative form the nature of your appeal including the primary relevant facts intended to be presented to the Zoning Hearing Board. Please include a description of all explosive or toxic materials to be stored on this site. Please reference to your attachment if additional space is needed.
10. What is the exact use proposed for the property? List current and proposed hours of operation, number and type of employees, business equipment to be used or stored at the site, nature of normal business operations. (Please reference to your attachment if additional space is needed.)
11. Describe the proposed landscaping for this property for screening, if any. Please indicate the type of landscape buffering proposed, if any.
12. What is the character of the buildings and uses on abutting properties and what is the general character of the surrounding neighborhood? (Please reference to your attachment if additional space is needed.)
13. What will the impact of this use be on existing traffic patterns and volumes for this Zoning Appeal? Also, please specify the amount of parking spaces and unloading areas as specified in the Lower Providence Township Zoning Ordinance.
14. Will the proposed use emit smoke, dust, odor or other air pollutants, noise, vibration, light, electrical disturbances, water pollutants, or chemical pollutants? Such evidence may include the proposed use of proven special structural or technological innovations. Please provide specific and detailed information on all of the aforementioned topics. Please reference to your attachment if additional space is needed.
15. Will the zoning relief requested, if authorized, alter the essential character of the neighborhood or district in which the property is located, or substantially or permanently impair the appropriate use of development of adjacent property, or be detrimental to the public welfare? Please give reasons for your answers to the aforementioned questions by explaining below: (Please reference to your attachment if additional space is needed.)
16. (I) (WE) believe that the Board should approve this request because: (include the grounds for the zoning appeal or reasons both with respect to case law and fact for granting this use requested. Please reference to your attachment if additional space is needed.)

I hereby certify that all of the above statements contained in this zoning appeal application and any papers or plans submitted with this zoning appeal to the Lower Providence Township Zoning Hearing Board herewith are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Date $\qquad$
(Print Name of applicant(s))
Date $\qquad$
(Signature of applicant(s))

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY

As subscribed and sworn to before me this $\qquad$ day of $\qquad$ , 20 $\qquad$

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year aforesaid.
(SEAL)

## LOWER PROVIDENCE TOWNSHIP ZONING HEARING BOARD APPEAL PROCEDURES AND POLICY

1. All zoning appeal applications to the Lower Providence Township Zoning Hearing Board shall be made in writing on the Zoning Appeal Application form provided by the Zoning Officer and shall be in accordance with the Lower Providence Township Zoning Ordinance (herein called Zoning Ordinance) and the Pennsylvania Municipalities Planning Code (herein called the MPC). The completed application, with all required fees, with the required site plans and with other required information, shall be submitted to the Zoning Officer. The applicant is responsible to see that a Township official notes the date of receipt on the zoning appeal application.
2. All zoning appeal applications shall include the following information on a site plan, unless the Zoning Officer determines that a site plan or such information is unnecessary to determine compliance with the Zoning Ordinance. The following information and procedures shall be followed for all site plans required to be submitted to the Zoning Hearing Board:

- A minimum of ten (10) complete copies of a site plan and or construction documents shall be submitted to the Zoning Officer. The Zoning Officer may refuse to accept an application if it does not contain sufficient information to determine compliance with the Zoning Ordinance. A minimum of 1 copy shall be retained in Lower Providence Township files.
- The Zoning Officer shall review the site plan and determine its compliance or noncompliance with all the Zoning Ordinances. The following items must be included and shown on the site plan:
- A statement or paragraph describing the proposed use for the property and/or structure.
- A site layout drawn to a suitable scale (preferably 1"= 20 ') showing the location, dimensions and area of each lot; the location, dimensions and height of proposed and any existing structures; the required setback areas; all easements; the proposed density of residential uses; the location and width of proposed or abutting streets; and the proposed areas to be used for different purposes within the development if applicable, including outdoor storage or display areas. If the plan involves one phase of what eventually may be a larger development, then the interrelationships of those phases shall be shown.
- The widths of any buffer yard and the heights, spacing and general species of plants to be used for screening. General numbers, locations and types of landscaping to be provided in off-street parking lots, along streets and in other areas.
- The locations and numbers of parking spaces; the location and widths of aisles; the location and sizes of off-street loading areas. The method of calculating the off-street parking requirement, based upon all sections of the Zoning Ordinance. Driveways or areas of egress and ingress for emergency must also be shown on the plan.
- The height, location and approximate intensity of exterior lighting. The sign area, height, location and general method of lighting of signs.
- A note stating general proposed method of providing wastewater treatment and water supply (such as "On-Lot Well and On-Lot Septic Services"). All other utilities including their easements must be shown on the plan.
- A description of any proposed industrial or commercial operations or storage in sufficient detail to indicate potential nuisances and hazards regarding noise, large trucks, glare, air pollution, odors, dust, fire or toxic or explosive hazards or other hazards to the public health and safety; together with a description of proposed methods to control such hazards and nuisances.
- Proposed and existing contours with limits of earth disturbance shown if earth disturbance is proposed. Identification of any slopes between $15 \%$ and $25 \%$ and greater than $25 \%$ proposed to be impacted. The type of soils present on the site. Proposed method of managing stormwater runoff and erosion and sedimentation control. Delineation of any floodplain from the Official Federal Emergency Management Agency Floodplain Maps or an approved elevation study as per the Lower Providence Township Floodplain Ordinance. Delineations of all wetlands, if hydric soils are present on the plan along with their respective setback requirements. All associated federal and state environmental, highway, agricultural permits etc. or applications for permits associated with this site must be included with the submission.
- Approximate lot lines of abutting lots within 50 feet of the project, with identification of abutting land uses.
- Zoning district, tax parcel number, and major applicable requirements.
- Name and address of the person who prepared the Site Plan, the applicant and the owner of record of the land.
- Such other data or information as the Zoning Officer deems is reasonably necessary to determine compliance with Township ordinances and/or that is listed on the official Township application form.

3. Under the provisions of the MPC only a landowner or a tenant with written permission of the landowner shall file a Zoning Appeal Application with respect to a request for a variance and/or special exception. Other appeals may be filed with the Zoning Hearing Board under the MPC by the landowner affected, the municipality or any person aggrieved.

## 4. ZONING HEARING BOARD APPEAL FILING FEE SCHEDULE:

- Residential Zoning Appeals - $\$ 800.00$ plus $1 / 2$ of stenographers fee*
- Other Zoning Appeals - Commercial, Industrial, Institutional - $\$ 1700.00$ plus $1 / 2$ of stenographers fee*
- Challenge to Validity of Ordinance and/or Map - $\$ 6,500.00$ plus $1 / 2$ of stenographers fee*
- Curative Amendments to the Zoning Ordinance $-\$ 7,500.00$ plus $1 / 2$ of stenographers fee* *All applicants shall pay to Lower Providence Township one-half of the stenographer's appearance fee for each meeting beyond the first meeting plus the cost of the transcription if required by the applicant. Please make all checks payable to: LOWER PROVIDENCE TOWNSHIP


## 5. PROCEDURAL INFORMATION AND POLICY:

- The Zoning Hearing Board meets on demand usually on the fourth Thursday of each month at 7:00 p.m. in the Public Meeting Room of the Lower Providence Township Municipal Building -100 Parklane Dr. Eagleville, PA 19403.
- Notice of hearing shall be given in accordance with the Zoning Ordinance or the PA Municipalities Planning Code (MPC). Such notice shall be given to the applicant by written notice mailed by certified mail. Notice to all property owners within 500 feet from the exterior limits of the subject property will be provided by the township. All notices sent by the township to these property owners shall be by regular first-class mail.
- Notice of such hearing shall be conspicuously posted on the affected tract of land by Lower Providence Township a minimum of seven (7) days before the hearing. The applicant is responsible for the maintenance of the notice. If the notice is removed or destroyed, the property owner must immediately obtain another notice and conspicuously post it.
- A complete appeal application requires that all appeal fees are paid, site plans comply with all regulations with all appropriate submission procedures and relevant sections of the zoning appeal application are fully completed. All materials must be received on or before the submission deadline. If an application is not fully completed, the application will not be accepted and the case will not be heard at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Zoning Hearing Board.
- SUBMISSION DEADLINE FOR ALL ZONING APPEALS - All zoning applications must be filed in the calendar month prior to the zoning hearing meeting. If the zoning appeal application is not filed within the aforementioned time frame, the zoning appeal application will be heard the following month.
- The Zoning Board consists of five members who hear all zoning appeals. In the event one Board member cannot attend the meeting and the Board is composed of four (4) members, the applicant will be given the option of having their appeal heard with the four (4)-member board or request a continuance of the appeal to a date at which a full board can be convened. If the applicant(s) requests a continuance, the request will be granted provided the applicant(s) agrees in writing to waive the provision under the MPC requiring that a hearing be held within 60 days of the date of the applicant's request for a hearing. If the applicant(s) elects to proceed with a fourmember board and the Board's vote is split (i.e. two members voting for and two members against), the appeal is deemed to be denied.
- If any appeal is not concluded by the adjournment time, usually 10:00 p.m., the Zoning Hearing Board may either complete the appeal or continue the appeal to a date that is publicly announced before adjournment. If the Zoning Hearing Board is unable to select a date for any continued hearing at the time of the public meeting, the date for the rescheduled continued hearing should be advertised pursuant to the provisions of the Zoning Ordinance and the MPC.
- The Zoning Hearing Board is permitted forty-five (45) days to render a written decision following the last hearing at which testimony was given or oral arguments were made or legal memos or briefs filed, whichever is last to occur. A signed copy of the written decision along with be sent by certified mailed to the applicant not later than the day following its date. Please note: As required by the MPC, Building and Zoning Permits cannot be issued until the written decision is received by the Applicant and the Township.
- Applicant(s) shall have a right of appeal to the Court of Common Pleas of Montgomery County within thirty (30) days after the entry of the decision as provided in 42 Pa. C.S. 5572 , or, in case of a deemed decision, within 30 days after the date upon which notice of said deemed decision is given as set forth in Section 908(9) of the MPC.


## SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS

## What is a Special Exception?

A special exception is a type of permission or approval granted an applicant to use land in a district for a purpose other than that generally permitted outright in that district. The permission or special exception is granted by the zoning hearing board in accordance with the standards contained in the zoning ordinance, provided that the specific application of the use would not prove injurious to the public interest.

It is important to realize that the term "special exception" is a misnomer. It is neither special nor is it an exception. It is not a deviation from the zoning ordinance. An applicant for a special exception is following the zoning ordinance. The application is one envisioned by the ordinance, and, if the standards established by the ordinance are met, the use is one permitted by the ordinance.

## Special Exception Approval Procedure

The Zoning Hearing Board shall approve a proposed special exception use if the Board finds adequate evidence that any proposed use will comply with all of the following:

- Any specific standards for the proposed use listed in the Lower Providence Zoning Ordinance.
- Comply with all of the following standards:
- Other laws. Will not clearly be in conflict with other Township Ordinances or State or Federal laws or regulations known to the Township.
- Traffic. The applicant shall show that the use will not result in or substantially add to a significant traffic hazard or significant traffic congestion.
- Safety. The applicant shall show that the use will not create a significant public safety hazard, including fire, toxic or explosive hazards.
- Storm Water Management. Will follow adequate, professionally accepted engineering methods to manage storm water. Storm water shall not be a criteria of a decision under this Ordinance if the application clearly would be subject to a separate engineering review and an approval of storm water management by the Board of Supervisors under the Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance and a Township Storm Water Management Ordinance.
- Neighborhood. Will not significantly negatively affect the desirable character of an existing residential neighborhood, such as causing substantial amounts of heavy truck traffic to travel through a residential neighborhood, or a significant odor or noise nuisance or very late night/early morning hours of operation. This standard shall not apply to "normal farming operations" as defined by the State law and regulations.
- Site Planning. Will involve adequate site design methods, including plant screening, berms, site layout and setbacks as needed to avoid significant negative impacts on adjacent uses. The use shall meet the landscaping and buffer requirements of the Subdivision and Land Development Ordinance.
- Performance Standards. The applicant shall show that the use will not have a serious threat of inability to comply with the performance standards of this Zoning Ordinance.
- Preservation. The applicant shall prove that demolition of or other negative impacts upon any historic buildings on the site have been reasonably minimized.
- Conditions. In granting a special exception, the Board may require such reasonable conditions and safeguards (in addition to those expressed in this Ordinance) as it determines is necessary to implement the purposes of this Zoning Ordinance. Conditions imposed by the Zoning Hearing Board shall automatically become conditions of the building permit issued pursuant thereto, and any failure to comply with said conditions shall be a violation of this ordinance.


## VARIANCES

## What is a Variance?

A variance is a means of solving the problems created by attempting to apply the general terms of the ordinance to fit the land which is regulated. It is necessary because a zoning requirement may prevent any use of a property if strictly applied. A variance procedure prevents problems in applying general legislation to specific situations. All zoning ordinances contain many detailed pre-set regulations designed to be self-executing. Various setbacks and height limitations are examples of these provisions, which omit administrative discretion. Variances act as a relief valve for the rigid ordinance.

## Requirements for a Variance:

The Zoning Hearing Board hears requests for variances where it is alleged that the provisions of the zoning ordinance inflict unnecessary hardship upon the applicant. The Zoning Hearing Board may, by rule, prescribe the form of application and may require preliminary application to the Zoning Officer. The Zoning Hearing Board may grant a variance provided the following findings are made where relevant in a given case:

- That there are unique physical circumstances or conditions, including irregularity, narrowness or, shallowness of lot size or shape, or exceptional topographical or other physical conditions peculiar to the particular property, and that the unnecessary hardship is due to such conditions, and not the circumstances or conditions generally created by the provisions of the zoning ordinance in the neighborhood or district in which the property is located;
- That because of such physical circumstances or conditions, there is no possibility that the property can be developed in strict conformity with the provisions of the zoning ordinance and that the authorization of a variance is therefore necessary to enable the reasonable use of the property;
- That such unnecessary hardship has not been created by the applicant;
- That the variance, if authorized, will not alter the essential character of the neighborhood or district in which the property is located, nor substantially or permanently impair the appropriate use or development of adjacent property, nor be detrimental to the public welfare; and
- That the variance, if authorized will represent the minimum variance that will afford relief and will represent the least modification possible of the regulation in issue.

In granting any variance, the Board may attach such reasonable conditions and safeguards as it may deem necessary to implement the purposes of the zoning ordinance.

## Variance Procedure:

Typically, a request for a variance arises when an application for a zoning or building permit is rejected or "turned down" by a Zoning Officer because the proposed activity does not meet all the requirements of the zoning ordinance. The applicant then makes application to the Zoning Hearing Board for a variance as a result of this denial. The Zoning Hearing Board has the authority to vary the terms of the ordinance in proper instances. A decision of the Zoning Hearing Board may be appealed to the court of common pleas.

## INTERPRETATION OF THE ZONING OFFICER'S DETERMINATION

The Zoning Officer must administer the zoning ordinance by its literal terms: the Zoning Officer does not have any discretionary power and authority to neither waive, tighten or create any requirement for any Lower Providence Township Ordinance. Occasionally, the Zoning Officer in his or her capacity cannot make a literal determination of the particular zoning ordinance in which the applicant requires a decision. The Zoning Officer is then required by the MPC to refer this determination to the zoning hearing board for decision.

## OTHER ACTIONS THAT MAY REQUIRE FILING A ZONING APPEAL ARE:

- Substantive challenges to the validity of any land use ordinance,
- Challenges to the validity of a land use ordinance raising procedural questions or alleged defects in the process of enactment or adoption;
- The granting or denial of any permit, or failure to act on the application for any permit; the issuance of cease and desist order(s); the registration or refusal to register any nonconforming use, structure or lot;
- The appeals from a determination by the municipal engineer or the Zoning Officer with reference to the administration of any floodplain ordinance or such provisions contained within a land use ordinance;
- Applications for variances as described above and from the terms of the flood hazard ordinance or such provisions within a land use ordinance;
- Applications for special exceptions as described above and from the terms of the flood hazard ordinance or such provisions within a land use ordinance;
- Appeals from the determination of any Director or agency charged with the administration of any transfers of development rights or performance density provisions of the Zoning Ordinance;
- Appeals from the Zoning Officer's determination under Section 916.2 of the MPC;
- Appeals from the determination of the Zoning Officer or Municipal Engineer in the administration of any land use ordinance or provision thereof with the reference to erosion and sedimentation control and storm water management insofar as the same relate to development not involving Article V or VII applications under the MPC


## ENFORCEMENT NOTICE APPEAL

An Enforcement Notice is sent if it appears to the municipality that a violation of the zoning ordinance has occurred. A violation of the Zoning Ordinance may include a violation of a Zoning Hearing Board decision and/or any conditions set forth therein. The recipient of the Enforcement Notice has the right to appeal to the Zoning Hearing Board within the prescribed time stated in the Enforcement Notice. It is important to note that if the recipient of the Enforcement Notice fails to appeal, the municipality may proceed to file a summary citation before a District Justice at which time the person against whom the Enforcement Notice was sent will not be permitted to offer a defense concerning the alleged violation(s).

The zoning hearing board has no enforcement powers. A zoning hearing board, according to the Commonwealth Court, exists solely as an adjudicative body empowered to review matters brought to it under the MPC. The zoning hearing board does not have any jurisdiction to act as an enforcement Director even in respect to its own previously issued approvals or conditions. The function of the zoning hearing is to only determine if the violations of the zoning ordinance or zoning approval conditions did in fact occur on the applicant's property. The applicant should also be aware that if all violations are dismissed by the zoning hearing board or any court in a subsequent appeal, the applicant may be entitled to a refund of all or part of the zoning appeal fee. If there has been no appeal of the Enforcement Notice or if the Zoning Hearing Board finds that violations do exist, Lower Providence Township will seek the maximum penalties allowed by law for each day the violation continues to exist following the decision of the District Justice including all legal and engineering expenses incurred by Lower Providence Township. A penalty of $\$ 500.00$ per day per violation may be imposed plus legal and engineering costs to correct the violation(s) property, including all legal and engineering expenses incurred by Lower Providence Township.

